

QUESTION 4

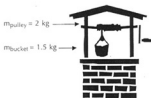
[Marks: 14]

A frictionless winding pulley at the top of a well is in the shape of a cylinder. The mass of the winding pulley is $m_{\text{pulley}} = 2 \text{ kg}$ and its radius is $r_{\text{pulley}} = 0.15 \text{ m}$.

There is a light rope wrapped round the pulley which is vertically connected to a bucket of mass $m_{\text{bucket}} = 1.5 \text{ kg}$ so the bucket is free to drop down into a well.

Initially the system is at rest and the bucket then drops down into the well.

The moment of inertia of a cylinder of mass M and radius R is $I = \frac{1}{2} MR^2$.



- (a) Draw a sketch showing on the forces acting on the bucket and all the forces acting on the pulley.
- (b) (i) Write down an expression for the acceleration a of the bucket.
 (ii) Write down an expression for the angular acceleration α of the pulley.
 (iii) Relate the acceleration a to the angular acceleration α .
- (c) (i) Determine the tension T in the rope.
 (ii) Determine the acceleration a of the bucket.
 (iii) Determine the angular acceleration α of the pulley.
- (d) Determine the torque τ acting on the pulley about the axis of rotation.



(b) i. $m_{\text{bucket}} a = W_{\text{bucket}} - T \quad \therefore a = \frac{W_{\text{bucket}} - T}{m_{\text{bucket}}} = g - \frac{T}{m_{\text{bucket}}}$
 using $F_{\text{net}} = ma$

(ii) use $\tau_{\text{rot}} = I\alpha$
 $\tau_{\text{rot}} = T r_{\text{pulley}} = T \cdot 0.15 = I\alpha$
 $\alpha = \frac{T \cdot 0.15}{I}$ where $I = \frac{1}{2} m_{\text{pulley}} r_{\text{pulley}}^2$
 $= \frac{T \cdot 0.15}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot (0.15)^2} = \frac{T}{0.15}$